

Monoclonal Anti-Shiga-Like Toxin 2 Subunit A, Clone 11E10 (produced *in vitro*)

Catalog No. NR-45117

This reagent is the tangible property of the U.S. Government.

For research use only. Not for human use.

Contributor:

Alison D. O'Brien, Ph.D., Chairperson, and James F. Sinclair, Ph.D., Laboratory Supervisor, Department of Microbiology and Immunology, Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences, Bethesda, Maryland, USA

Manufacturer:

BEI Resources

Product Description:

Antibody Class: IgG1k

Mouse monoclonal antibody prepared against the A subunit of Shiga-like toxin 2 from *Escherichia coli* (*E. coli*) was purified from clone 11E10 (ATCC® CRL-1907™) hybridoma supernatant by protein G affinity chromatography. The hybridoma cell line was generated by the fusion of SP2/0 myeloma cells with immunized mouse splenocytes.¹

The term Shiga toxin (Stx) refers to two families of related toxins: Shiga toxin/Shiga-like toxin 1 and Shiga-like toxin 2. Shiga toxin is produced by *Shigella dysenteriae*, while Shiga-like toxin 1 and Shiga-like toxin 2 are both produced by enterohemorrhagic strains of *E. coli*.^{1,2} Both Shiga and Shiga-like toxins are multimeric molecules that are comprised of two polypeptide subunits, A and B. The B subunit is a pentamer that binds to glycolipids on host cell membranes and the entire Stx molecule can then enter the cell via endocytosis.³ Once inside the cell, the Stx A subunit undergoes proteolytic cleavage and the reduction of an internal disulfide bond to generate Stx A₁ and Stx A₂. Stx A₁ is an N-glycosidase that catalytically inactivates the 28S ribosomal RNA subunit to inhibit protein synthesis.³⁻⁵ The nucleotide sequence of the gene for the Shiga-like toxin 2 A subunit from *E. coli* has been reported (GenBank: [AB035143](#)).⁶

Material Provided:

Each vial of NR-45117 contains approximately 100 µL of purified monoclonal antibody in PBS, pH 7.4. The concentration, expressed as mg per mL, is shown on the Certificate of Analysis.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-45117 was packaged aseptically in screw-capped plastic cryovials and is provided frozen on dry ice. The item should be stored at -20°C or colder immediately upon arrival. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

Functional Activity:

NR-45117 is being released without confirmation of functional activity. The monoclonal antibody produced by hybridoma

clone 11E10 has been reported to react with recombinant *E. coli* Shiga-like toxin 2 subunit A by ELISA and western blot.

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: Monoclonal Anti-Shiga-Like Toxin 2 Subunit A, Clone 11E10 (produced *in vitro*), NR-45117."

Biosafety Level: 1

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. [Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories](#). 5th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2009; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmb15/index.htm.

Disclaimers:

You are authorized to use this product for research use only. It is not intended for human use.

Use of this product is subject to the terms and conditions of the BEI Resources Material Transfer Agreement (MTA). The MTA is available on our Web site at www.beiresources.org.

While BEI Resources uses reasonable efforts to include accurate and up-to-date information on this product sheet, neither ATCC® nor the U.S. Government makes any warranties or representations as to its accuracy. Citations from scientific literature and patents are provided for informational purposes only. Neither ATCC® nor the U.S. Government warrants that such information has been confirmed to be accurate.

This product is sent with the condition that you are responsible for its safe storage, handling, use and disposal. ATCC® and the U.S. Government are not liable for any damages or injuries arising from receipt and/or use of this product. While reasonable effort is made to ensure authenticity and reliability of materials on deposit, the U.S. Government, ATCC®, their suppliers and contributors to BEI Resources are not liable for damages arising from the misidentification or misrepresentation of products.

Use Restrictions:

This material is distributed for internal research, non-commercial purposes only. This material, its product or its derivatives may not be distributed to third parties. Except as performed under a U.S. Government contract, individuals contemplating commercial use of the material, its products or its derivatives must contact the contributor to determine if a license is required. U.S. Government contractors may need a license before first commercial sale.

References:

1. Perera, L. P., L. R. M. Marques and A. D. O'Brien. "Isolation and Characterization of Monoclonal Antibodies to Shiga-Like Toxin II of Enterohemorrhagic *Escherichia*

- coli* and Use of the Monoclonal Antibodies in a Colony Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay." J. Clin. Microbiol. 26 (1988): 2127–2131. PubMed: 3053764.
2. Downes, F. P., et al. "Affinity Purification and Characterization of Shiga-Like Toxin II and Production of Toxin-Specific Monoclonal Antibodies." Infect. Immun. 56 (1988): 1926–1933. PubMed: 3294179.
 3. Sandvig, K. "Shiga Toxins." Toxicon 39 (2001): 1629–1635. PubMed: 11595626.
 4. Sandvig, K., et al. "Endocytosis from Coated Pits of Shiga Toxin: A Glycolipid-Binding Protein from *Shigella dysenteriae* 1." J. Cell Biol. 108 (1989): 1331–1343. PubMed: 2564398.
 5. Skinner, L. M. and M. P. Jackson. "Investigation of Ribosome Binding by the Shiga Toxin A1 Subunit, Using Competition and Site-Directed Mutagenesis." J. Bacteriol. 179 (1997): 1368–1374. PubMed: 178838.
 6. Yokoyama, S., et al. "Nucleotide Sequence Analysis of Shiga (-Like) Toxins from an Enterohemorrhagic *Escherichia coli* Isolated from Gifu Outbreak." Unpublished. GenBank: AB035143.

ATCC® is a trademark of the American Type Culture Collection.

