

Human Respiratory Syncytial Virus, B1

Catalog No. NR-56243

For research use only. Not for use in humans.

Contributor:

National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases (NIAID),
National Institutes of Health (NIH)

Manufacturer:

BEI Resources

Product Description:

Virus Classification: *Human Orthopneumovirus, Human respiratory syncytial virus*

Species: Human respiratory syncytial virus B

Strain/Isolate: B1

Original Source: Human respiratory syncytial virus (RSV), B1 was developed by multiple passages in Vero cells from an original human isolate in 1985, in West Virginia, USA.^{1,2}

Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 1.0 mL of cell lysate and supernatant from *Cercopithecus aethiops* kidney cells (Vero) infected with RSV, B1.

Note: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-56243 was packaged aseptically in screw-capped plastic cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -60°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

Growth Conditions:

Host: *Cercopithecus aethiops* kidney cells (Vero; ATCC® CCL-81™)

Growth Medium: Eagle's Minimum Essential Medium containing Earle's Balanced Salt Solution (ATCC® 30-2003™), supplemented with 2% fetal bovine serum (ATCC® 30-2020™), or equivalent

Infection: Cells should be 80% to 90% confluent

Incubation: 5 to 7 days at 37°C and 5% CO₂

Cytopathic Effect: Syncytia formation and cell disruption

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: Human Respiratory Syncytial Virus, B1, NR-56243."

Biosafety Level: 2

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 6th ed.

Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2020; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmb15/index.htm.

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References:

1. Karron, R. A., et al. "Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) SH and G Proteins Are Not Essential for Viral Replication *in vitro*: Clinical Evaluation and Molecular Characterization of a Cold-Passaged, Attenuated RSV Subgroup B Mutant." *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.* 94 (1997): 13961-13966. PubMed: 9391135.
2. Crowe, J. E., Jr., et al. "Live Subgroup B Respiratory Syncytial Virus Vaccines That Are Attenuated, Genetically Stable, and Immunogenic in Rodents and Nonhuman Primates." *J. Infect. Dis.* 173 (1996): 829-839. PubMed: 8603960.

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